

Hongkong Telegraph

FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1894.

THIRTY DOLLARS
PER ANNUM.

Banks.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,185,000
PAID-UP £588,500

BANKERS:
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:—
For 12 Months.....5 per cent.
" 6 ".....4 " "
" 3 ".....3 " "
JOHN THURBURN,
Manager, Hongkong.
Hongkong, 18th June, 1894. [120]

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

Authorised Capital £1,000,000
Subscribed Capital £500,000

HEAD OFFICE:—HONGKONG.

Court of Directors:—
D. Gillies, Esq., Chairman, Esq.,
Chan Kit Chan, Esq.,
H. Stoller, Esq.,
Chief Manager,
GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

Branches.—London, Yokohama, Shanghai and Amoy.

BANKERS:—
The Commercial Bank of Scotland,
Parra Banking Co., and The Alliance Bank (Ld.)
Interest for 12 months Fixed, 5 per cent.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [17]

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £2,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP £251,093.15.0

BANKERS:
CAPITAL & COUNTRIES BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:—
No. 3, PRINCE'S STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

AGENCIES:
PENANG, SINGAPORE AND YOKOHAMA.

RATES OF INTEREST,
ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS
and Fixed Deposits can be ascertained
on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange
business transacted.

CHANTREY INCHBALD,
Manager.
Hongkong, 6th November, 1893. [120]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.
HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON.

CAPITAL PAID-UP £800,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHARE-
HOLDERS £800,000
RESERVE FUND £275,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balances.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months.....5 per cent.
" 6 ".....4 " "
" 3 ".....3 " "
A. C. MARSHALL,
Manager, Hongkong.
Hongkong, 17th May, 1894. [153]

Insurances.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
has a long record of GOOD SERVICES to refer to; its FUNDS, annually increasing, amount to £7,913,375. The premiums are moderate; and all modern features consistent with safety have been adopted.

For particulars and rates, apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 20th June, 1894. [743]

THE MEIJI FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, OF TOKYO.

THE AGENCY of the above-named Company having this day been TRANSFERRED to the Undersigned, they are now prepared to accept RISKS against FIRE at CURRENT RATES.

For the MITSUBI BOSHAI KAISHA, K. FUKUI, Manager.
Hongkong, 2nd July, 1894. [746]

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL, TAELS 600,000 £833,333.33.
EQUAL TO £833,333.33.
RESERVE FUND £318,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
LEE SING, Esq.,
LOU TAO SHUN, Esq.,
MANAGER.—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS ON GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the World.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.
Hongkong, 10th December, 1893. [192]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED £1,000,000

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS, &c. Policies granted to all parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.

CHAU TSEUNG FAT,
Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,
No. 5, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.
Hongkong, 20th May, 1894. [194]

Intimations.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

TO-MORROW
(SATURDAY), 1ST SEPTEMBER, 1894,
at 2.45 P.M.

COMPETITION, SHORT RANGE CUP
and SPOONS; Ranges, 500 and 600
yards; Seven Shots. Entrance fee, 30 cents.

G. K. MOORE,
Honorary Secretary.
Hongkong, 30th August, 1894. [146]

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the COMPANY'S HOTEL, on MONDAY, 10th September, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts of the Company to the 30th June, 1894, with the Report of the Directors and to discuss any matters that may be brought before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 27th instant to the 10th proximo, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
R. LYALL,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 20th August, 1894. [897]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above COMPANY will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICES, on SATURDAY, 16th September, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers, together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th June, 1894.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 8th to the 15th September, both days inclusive.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 29th August, 1894. [927]

THE NEW BALMORAL GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTH or FINAL CALL of FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE, on the Shares issued at ONE DOLLAR has now been made.

NOTICE is also given that the CALL of FIFTY CENTS per Share, on the Shares issued in exchange for Shares in the Old Company has now been made. Both these Calls FALL DUE on the 10th September, and should be PAID to the Undersigned at No. 9, Praya Central, to whom the Scrip should be sent for endorsement.

By Order of the Board,
W. HUTTON POTTS,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 9th August, 1894. [860]

LAUDATORY NOTICE.

LAUDATORY TREATMENT TO PASSENGERS on Board Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.'s Steamers "TAISANG," "CHOY-SANG," and "CANTON."

WE, the Undersigned, have great pleasure in informing the Public that we have made many trips to the North on board the above-named Steamers, and that we have received excellent treatment in every respect from the CAPTAINS and COMPAGNONS on board the same during our voyages. The boys also serve us with great attention and care. Especially Mr. LEUNG SAM-UI, General Comptroller of the Company at Canton, has done everything in his power to please us and has given strict orders to the Servants to give us every satisfaction. It is our sincere hope that the Company will have a very prosperous and lucrative business.

TOH YU SAM,
SEUNG YUT PO,
KAI TSIN CHEE,
YUN YU TIEN,
LEONG KAI CHEW,
SIN TING YING.
Hongkong, 27th August, 1894. [917]

THE PHARMACY,
Under New and Experienced Management.

FLETCHER & Co., whilst thanking the community of Hongkong for past support, trust to merit a continuance of same by devoting close attention to Business and SUPPLYING as formerly GOODS of the BEST QUALITY only.

For the present Season we recommend with confidence:—
QUININE AND IRON TONIC,
SYRUP OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES,
EFFERVESCENT CITRATE MAGNESIA,
VALENTINE'S MEAT JUICE,
LACTOPEPTINE.

A Large Assortment of NAIL, TOOTH, HAIR and SHAVING BRUSHES, also TOILET REQUISITES of every description always in Stock.

FLETCHER & Co.—FAMILY CHEMISTS,
PERFUMERS, WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS, &c.

FLETCHER & Co.,
No. 25, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
Hongkong.

"DERMATOL,"
MANUFACTURED BY FARBERG, HICKEY & Co., its effect in stimulating the closing up of WOUNDS, and in internal administration against diarrhoea, is described as amazing.

D. R. KNORR'S
ANTIPYRINE.

(DOSE FOR ADULTS 15 TO 35 GRAINS TROCH.)

Is the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, TYPHUS, INFLUENZA, DENGUE, ERYSIPELAS, HOOPING COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the Medical Faculty. Ask for Dr. KNORR'S ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the inventor's signature "Dr. KNORR" in red letters.

To be had at every reputable Chemist and Druggist.

Supplies constantly on hand at the China Export Import and Bank Company.

By order of the Undersigned.
Hongkong, 7th April, 1894. [144]

Intimations.

KELLY & WALSH, LD.

TENNIS GOODS.

SALTER'S TENNIS BATS, from 12½ oz. to 16 oz.; Assorted Weights.

AYRES' TENNIS NETS and POLES.

AYRES' CHAMPIONSHIP TENNIS BALLS.

AYRES' REGULATION TENNIS BALLS.

SALTER'S ALL-BUCK TENNIS SHOES.

SALTER'S CANVAS TENNIS SHOES.

MEASURING TAPES for MARKING COURTS.

KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED.

Hongkong, 28th August, 1894. [16]

W. BREWER

HAS JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING
PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS.

PHOTOGRAPHIC MOUNTS, all sizes.

Developing Dishes, white, brown and red.

Bynd Printing Frames, all sizes.

Little Wonder—Ruby Lamp.

Rubralux Lamps.

Wood Draining Racks.

Wood Clips—Vulcanite Forceps.

American Print Trimmers.

ROLLER SQUEEGES.

Cutting Glasses—Scales and Weights.

Orange and Ruby Glass.

Glass Funnel—Glass Measures.

Vignetting Glasses—Filter Papers.

Vignetting Glasses Cut and Cast.

Adam's View Meters.

View Finders and Focusing Glasses.

Marion's Photographic Plates.

W. BREWER,

UNDER HONGKONG HOTEL.

Hongkong, 16th August, 1894. [675]

CENTRAL HOTEL, SHANGHAI.

Electric Lighting

throughout

the Premises.

Telegraphic Address:—

"CENTRAL,"

SHANGHAI.

THIS long-established SELECT Family Hotel, situated on the Bund, facing the river in the centre of the Settlements, is now fitted with the latest modern improvements, including Bath and Dressing Rooms ATTACHED to Suites and Single Rooms, with hot and cold water laid on, DOUCHES, SHOWER, SPRAYS, etc., and heated to a comfortable temperature during winter.

COMMODOUS RECEPTION ROOM FOR VISITORS.

SEPARATE ROOMS FOR PRIVATE DINNER PARTIES, &c.

An Assistant attends on Passengers by Mail Steamers.

N.B.—Special reduced charges may be arranged for on application to the Manager.

F. E. REILLY,

PROPRIETOR.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

SHIPCHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS, &c.

SUPPLIES OF ALL KINDS OF

SHIP AND ENGINE STORES

OF BEST BRANDS.

AGENTS FOR:—

INTERNATIONAL COMPOSITION FOR SHIPS' BOTTOMS.

PRICE'S SPECIAL ENGINE and CYLINDER OIL.

BELL'S SPECIAL ENGINE and CYLINDER OILS.

PURE FRESH WATER SUPPLIED

Hongkong, 16th July, 1894. TELEPHONE No. 97. [130]

DAWSON'S PERFECTION OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

ALLISTON & CO., SOLE AGENTS, Hongkong and the Far East,

4, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 11th December, 1893. [141]

THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, "Kremlin"—A. B. C. Code.—TELEPHONE, No. 32.

PROPRIETORS:—THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL—the most commodious and best appointed Hotel in the Far East, affords unequalled accommodation to travellers and others. It is situated in the centre of the town, opposite the General Post Office and the Hongkong Club, adjacent to Paddocks Wharf (the principal landing stage of the Colony) and in close proximity to the Banks and Shipping Offices.

THE HOTEL STEAM LAUNCH conveys passengers and baggage to and from all Mail Steamers. THE TABLE D'HOT, at separate tables, is supplied with every delicacy, the cuisine being under experienced supervision.

THE BED-ROOMS, with adjoining Bath-rooms, are lofty and well ventilated, open on to spacious Verandahs, are lighted by gas and fitted throughout with electric communications.

The Reading, Writing and Smoking Rooms, Ladies' Drawing Rooms, the new Bar and public BILLIARD ROOMS (Six English and American Tables) are fitted with every convenience.

THE WINES & SPIRITS are selected by an Expert and the BEST BRANDS only are supplied. HYDRAULIC ASCENDING ROOMS of the latest and most approved type convey passengers and baggage from the Entrance Hall to each of the five floors above.

NIGHT PORTERS and WATCHMEN are continually on duty.

R. TUCKER,
Manager.

Hongkong, 17th November, 1893. [144]

Intimations.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE.

TERM begins on MONDAY, 3rd September, at 9 A.M. On account of the PLAGUE, His Excellency the GOVERNOR has been pleased to REMIT THE FEES of June and July in the case of Boys absent during these months. FEES for August and September will be PAID AS USUAL.

NEW BOYS seeking Admission should, accompanied by GUARDIANS, present themselves on SATURDAY MORNING, 1st September, at 9 A.M., for Examination.

GEO. H. BATESON WRIGHT, D.D.,
Headmaster.
Hongkong, 27th August, 1894. [916]

PEAK ACADEMY and KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL.

THE above ACADEMY will be OPENED on MONDAY, 3rd September, at the TRAMWAY TERMINUS.

PUPILS will be ENROLLED on SATURDAY, 1st September, from 9 A.M. to 1.30 P.M.

For Terms and Prospectus, Apply to
W. D. BRAIDWOOD, M.A. (Phil.),
Craigengower.
Hongkong, 30th August, 1894. [930]

BELILIOS PUBLIC SCHOOL.

THE NEXT TERM will begin on TUESDAY, September 4th, at 9.30 A.M.

Mrs. BATEMAN,
Head Mistress.
Hongkong, 30th August, 1894. [928]

PEDESTRIAN CHALLENGE.

ARTHUR HANCOCK, Fifty Miles Champion of the World, hereby offers to give any Gentleman in Hongkong a start of ONE MILE in ONE HOUR'S Walk, or FOUR MILES start in 25 MILES, for a STAKE or PURSE subscribed by the Sporting Community of Hongkong.

An early acceptance of this Challenge will oblige, addressed to
ARTHUR HANCOCK,
c/o Hongkong Telegraph Office.
Hongkong, 28th August, 1894. [925]

NORTH BORNEO AND LABUAN REVENUE FARMS.

TENDERS will be received by the SECRETARY to the GOVERNOR, SANDAKAN, on or before 30th November next, for the following REVENUE FARMS for 1895:—

OPIMUM FARMS, North Borneo & Labuan.

SPIRIT FARMS, North Borneo & Labuan.

PAWN BROKING FARMS, North Borneo and Labuan.

TOBACCO FARMS, Labuan only.

CUSTOMS FARMS OF IMPORT and EXPORT DUTIES, North Borneo.

GAMBLING RESTRICTION for North Borneo only.

BLACHAN, BIRDSNEST, WHARF DUES and MARKET DUES, North Borneo only.

TENDERS for the OPIMUM may be made for the whole Territory and Labuan, or for each Province separately.

For Particulars, apply to
H. L. DALRYMPLE,
Agent for the
British North Borneo Company,
Hongkong.

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PRIVATE BOARD AND RESIDENCE.

12, GLENEALY BUILDINGS.

Mrs. GILLANDERS.
Hongkong, 3rd July, 1894. [752]

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED are prepared to GIVE ESTIMATES for FITTING the PATENT PROCESS ON LAND and MARINE BOILERS for BURNING CHARBONNAGES COAL DUST.

GORDON & Co.,
BOWRINGTON FOUNDRY,
East Point.
Hongkong, 20th August, 1894. [893]

WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, LONDON AND GLASGOW.

12, QUEEN'S ROAD,
Hongkong, 24th August, 1894. [907]

NOTICE TO CAPTAINS.

MASTERS of Vessels arriving here CAN NOT BE TOO PARTICULAR as to the SOURCE of supply of FRESH WATER, more especially during the present epidemic.

J. W. KEW & Co.'s GRAM WATER-BOATS enable them to SUPPLY VESSELS with any quantity of PURE FRESH WATER, with the greatest despatch and at moderate rates.

Call the "W." Commercial Code.
Office 14, Praya Central,
Hongkong, 14th June, 1894. [695]

Consignees.

"UNION" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM MIDDLESBRO, ANTWERP, HAMBURG AND STRAITS.

THE Steamship "ASWANLY" having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all claims must be sent in to the Office of the Undersigned before Noon on the 4th proximo, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 3rd proximo, at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected, and any Goods remaining in the Godowns after the 4th proximo, will be subject to loss.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by SHEWAN & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 27th August, 1894. [919]

Shipping.

STEAMERS.

"STRATH" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship "STRATHDON," Captain Johnston, will be despatched as above on or about FRIDAY, the 31st instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 24th August, 1894. [906]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND TAMSUI.

THE Company's Steamship "FOKIEN," Captain Davis, will be despatched for the above Ports on SUNDAY, the 2nd September, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 30th August, 1894. [912]

"MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship "ARGVILL," Captain Williamson, R.N.R., will be despatched as above on or about TUESDAY, the 4th Sept.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 29th August, 1894. [926]

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN

Intimations.

DAKIN, CRICKSHANK & COMPANY, LIMITED.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

FIRST-CLASS DISPENSING at prices that will bear comparison with first-rate pharmacies at home.

Every care is taken to ensure prompt despatch; all Drugs and Chemicals used are guaranteed to be of the finest quality, and all the Europeans in the firm are qualified by British examination.

PATENT MEDICINES, INVALIDS' REQUISITES, SURGICAL APPLIANCES, &c., &c., at Current Rates.

SPONGES, PERFUMERY, TOILET REQUISITES.

The Dispensary is open from 7 A.M. to 7.30 P.M. on WEEK DAYS and from 10 A.M. to 6 P.M. on SUNDAYS, but Medicine may be obtained at any hour, day or night.

Any Complaints should be addressed to the MANAGER.

Hongkong, 17th August, 1894.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

EX S.S. "ADEN"

VEGETABLE & FLOWER SEEDS.

SEASON, 1894-95.

The SEEDS will be OPENED OUT as soon as the weather sets fair, and in the meantime orders will be booked for execution in the sequence in which they are received as long as the supply lasts.

SEED LISTS

with

HINTS FOR GARDENING have been issued and may still be obtained on application.

Our Seeds are all tested before being put up in London. They are packed under our own Supervision, and the greatest care is exercised to insure protection in transit.

Sowings should be made in fine weather only and the remainder of the packets secured from damp, and kept in a dry place for repeat sowing.

CLAY'S FERTILIZER.

A high-class Fertilizer for Pot Plants and for use in the Garden generally. It supplies natural nourishment to the soil, and assists the process of assimilation, thereby adding the Plants to attain to their full size, vigour and beauty.

Sold in Tins containing 1 lb. each...\$1.75
25 lbs. ...\$4.50

Directions for Use are given on the Label.

RANSOME'S "NEW PARIS"

LAWN MOWERS.

The Best and Cheapest Machines in the Market. For Sale at Manufacturers' Prices.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1845.

Hongkong, 20th August, 1894.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIBERS TO "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" ARE MOST RESPECTFULLY REMINDED THAT ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1894.

ROMANCE OF GOVERNORSHIP.

It cannot of course be averred that the Governor of one of Her Majesty's Colonies ever wore a crown, yet they are all virtually so, for they personally represent their Sovereign in a greater degree than they do the Imperial Government, and to the native mind that is the mind of the masses—they are the living emblem of royalty. Little wonder, then, that some, if not all of the elect, should find during their tenure of office in far-away climes, such for instance as the Fiji Islands, the Barbadoes, or Hongkong, that all is not gold that glitters, that their lot, like that of the ordinary policeman, is not a happy one, and that there is quite a romantic side to life in the Governor's office. Some of the little kingdoms are brought to a happy conclusion with flattering addresses and they carry away with them the good wishes of a community whose finances have, by virtue of the adoption of wise and timely measures, been saved from the verge of hopeless bankruptcy to a degree of prosperity altogether new to them. Such, if we remember rightly, was the experience of Governor Sir William Robinson when he relinquished the reins of government at

Barbadoes, and in one or two other "appendages of the Crown," and such, too, has been the lot of Sir Ambrose Shea, the Governor of the Bahamas, who, according to a recent article in the *Pall Mall Gazette*, "has achieved a more remarkable change in the condition of the community he had to govern than has ever been the case in any Crown dependency before, within a similar space of time." This achievement lies, it appears, wholly in the development of the island industry, and, truly, its history reads like a romance which will, we doubt not, be read with interest in this part of the world at the present critical period, for there are probably several millions of the Far Orient where the development of this new industry would result in considerable benefit to investors generally.

According to the report before us Sir Ambrose Shea effected a remarkable transformation of the condition of the colony in the following simple manner:—

One day a man came into his office carrying a bundle, and Sir Ambrose, struck by the nature of the rough piece of rope with which it was tied, asked the man where he got it. The man said it grew in his garden. The Governor was incredulous, whereupon the man said:—"Why, there's plenty of it in your Excellency's own grounds." And there, sure enough, was an abundance of the sisal plant, hitherto regarded as a nuisance, over-running the vegetable gardens and straggling the yards and sweet potatoes, and which had defied all attempts to root it out or burn it out. Sir Ambrose Shea, however, at once detected the fibrous appearance of the plant, and from a few leaves he picked out beautiful long fibres five or six feet in length. He suggested its arduous cultivation—only to be laughed at and ridiculed as the possessor of a new fad. He went back to England, and, inducing a few wealthy men (Mr. Joseph Chamberlain is one of them) to invest some money in the enterprise, he allotted 10,000 acres of Crown lands for the practical application of the scheme—the production of a fibre that rivals and equals, if it does excel, Manila hemp. This area has not yet all been reduced to the cultivation of the sisal plant, but it is not long before it will be. The report now under notice states that the plant is a somewhat extraordinary one. It is not affected by drought, and grows in the coral rocks, sustained by the lime with which they are impregnated. Half a ton of fibre per acre is a safe return, and 100 tons is a low average. For the fibre it is yielded. This year there will be a moderate export, but it is anticipated that next year the export will reach 2,000 tons, and that they will go on increasing at the rate of about 2,000 tons yearly. This new gold-mine of the colony is, the official report states, one which cannot be worked out and the colonists will themselves share in the benefits of it. Sir Ambrose has been careful to allocate ten-acre lots to all heads of families, and he has neither land nor money to spare in chartering it, he has to be paid for out of the first crop. Thus Governor Shea has established a permanent industry in place of the precarious sponge fishing and fruit cultivation that previously existed, and has changed the Bahamas into what is described as "a prosperous, contented, and smiling colony."

Shortly after his arrival in this colony Sir William Robinson led the residents of Hongkong to believe that he would inaugurate a reign of prosperity here the like of which few even in their most sanguine moments ever dreamed of. Taxation was to be reduced to a minimum; \$50,000 a year were to be saved by a stroke of the pen; encouragement was to be given to the establishment and building up of local industries and his Excellency, with the hearty co-operation of "his Joss," was to leave the bustling colony of Hongkong a prosperous, contented, and smiling haven of rest, a modern Arcadia, where even share-brokers wore wings. Alas! "Was only a dream," and but seldom accomplished the aims of his desire. And as it has been with Governor Robinson, so for as the position of the taxpayers of the Colony is concerned, the summer of our awakening has ended in about the blackest page of Hongkong's history having to be placed on record in 1893 and 1894. And unless his Excellency effects considerable retrenchment in the Public Service in the near future, disaster with the services of disorganised and superfluous officials, and does something more than merely hint at the necessary agreement of all enterprises, he will, when the leaves of us in the not far distant future, have cause not only to exclaim "to be sure, the head that wears a crown," but tacitly admit that his government in Hongkong has not been altogether devoid of romance.

TELEGRAMS.

THE LOMBOK MASSACRE.

LONDON, August 30th.
The disaster has cast a gloom over Holland. A fresh expedition against the rebels in the course of preparation, and in the meantime Dutch gunboats are bombarding Lombok.

THE RUSSIAN NAVY.

The Russian fleet in the Caspian Sea will shortly be replaced by larger and stronger vessels.

(Special to the Hongkong Telegraph.)
GREAT FIRE AT CANTON.

DESTRUCTION OF THE GARDEN OF EDEN.
Appalling Loss of Life.

CANTON, 31st August, 8 a.m.

There has been a great fire here on the river, which has completely destroyed the whole of the well-known "flower boats." The fire broke out at 3.30 this morning and all attempts to check it were of no avail. It is still smouldering. Over three hundred lives are reported to be lost.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Malva* left Bombay for this port on the 28th inst.

It is estimated that throughout the world from \$65,000,000 to \$85,000,000 in gold is annually used in the arts and dentistry.

THE tea steamer *Tacoma* from Tacoma on the 15th inst., arrived at Hongkong on the 28th, and at New York on the 28th.

We are informed by the Agents (Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Co.) that the E. & A. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Atira*, from Australia, left Port Darwin for this port, on the 30th inst.

There were eleven Lieutenant-Generals in the Confederate Army, and all are dead save four—Wade Hampton, Joseph Wheeler, James Longstreet and John B. Gordon.

AN Emergency Convocation of St. Andrew's Chapter, No. 218, S.C., will be held in the Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, this evening, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting companions are cordially invited.

SACCHARINE, the new sweetening substance extracted from coal tar, is now used for preserving fruit. It is claimed that the fermentation that often results from the use of sugar is thus avoided, and that the new process preserves the flavour, colour and form of the fruit better than the old.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Canton*, from China, arrived at London on the 30th inst.

THE Canadian Pacific Company's steamer *Empress of India* went into Kowloon Dock yesterday for the usual periodical overhaul.

REJECTED—He—Dearest Julia, will you accept my hand and my fortune? She—Oh, no; the first is too large, and the second is too small.

THE P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer *China*, with malle, &c., left San Francisco for this port, via Honolulu, Yokohama and Nagasaki, on the 28th inst.

"But you have so arranged your will as to invite litigation," said the solicitor. "Certainly," said the dying man, "I don't propose to be forgotten."

THE adjourned inquiry into the recent fire in Jewell Street was concluded at the Magistracy this forenoon, Mr. Woodhouse finding that the cause of the conflagration is unknown.

FATHER (to his three daughters)—It's about time that you should get married. Don't refuse a chance. (To his three sons)—Don't you boys be so foolish as to marry. That's the best advice I can give you.

FRESH evidence of an important nature having come to light since the publication of our last issue, the report connected with some mischievous and offensive members of "the elect" of this colony is held over till to-morrow.

BENGYAU, coolie, who was banished from the Colony on December last for five years, turned up at Yan-mai recently, and was recognised and captured by a *hukong* yesterday. The prisoner again bowed before Mr. Woodhouse this morning, and pleaded that he came to the Colony to make money. Result:—One year "top-side."

THE Band of the 1st Shropshire Light Infantry will play the following programme in the Barrack Square this evening, commencing at 7.30 o'clock:—

Polka—"Bon Jour".....Andrew.
Quadrille—"Riches Racks".....Goodwin.
Schottische—"Popcorn".....Lath.
Valse—"Santitas".....Cuth.
Lancers—"The Old Nick".....Williams.
Valse—"Braganza".....Goodwin.
Schottische—"Sunbeam".....Smith.
Valse—"A Starry Night".....Blacklock.

THE New Victoria Hotel will open its doors to the public to-morrow morning, under the management of Messrs. Madan and Warner, both of whom are well and widely known in connection with the Old Victoria Hotel. The new building is admirably adapted for the purpose, and has been fitted up with electric light and all the most modern improvements. The enterprising proprietors should, judging from the appearance of the rooms and the well known abilities of the management to make guests thoroughly at home in the old "Vic," have no cause to regret their new venture.

If you ever have a sick headache and want it cured quickly and effectively, with none of the debilitating effects of antipyne or kindred drugs, just take a tablespoonful of red pepper, mix it with vinegar to a thick paste and spread upon a cloth, cotton or linen, bind upon the forehead with a handkerchief, from temple to temple, then take about two grains of red pepper in a teaspoonful of "sugar and swallow it." The mixture on the forehead will burn, but will not blister, and in the course of ten minutes the headache will disappear under the stimulating effects of this remedy, leaving the patient feeling as if such distressing things as sick headaches were unknown to the human race.

CONSTABLE Peppin, bronze medallist, etc., appears to be practising the "lay" and instead of grabbing, has turned his attention to "black diamonds." He had four Chinese women up to the Magistracy this morning on a charge of unlawfully preventing him making a sale of goods supposed by him to have been stolen from the cargo of the British steamer *Dumfries*, consigned to the naval authorities here. Upon the evidence of Inspector of Hanks and Constable Peppin, the Magistrate declined to convict the women, and remanded the case till Monday next to allow the police time to produce further evidence, the defendants being allowed out on bail in the sum of \$25 each.

SATISFACTORY advice from the manager of the New Balmoral Gold Mining Co.'s property was received here by the *Taiyuan* to-day. Work at the mines is being carried on with vigour, and it is believed that considerable progress has been made underground, while surface works have been retarded by heavy rains. In reply to enquiries by the directors regarding the state at which the reefs contract, Mr. Henderson reports that the reef will not become unproductive even at the most narrow and unpromising point, especially in the case of the Queen mine, where he is within 50 or 100 feet of passing through the present part, from which point downwards it will steadily improve. At 500 feet it will be a better and richer lode than at 150 feet, and become richer still with greater depth, until at 2000 feet he looks forward to the three reefs, (the Balmoral, Queen and Eureka) forming into one, which will, in all probability, prove one of the richest gold-bearing reefs in the Colony. Mr. Henderson expresses the utmost confidence in the success of the venture, and in aid of the work at the Balmoral tunnel, and a further grant for the Queen mine has now been applied for.

GREAT FIRE AT CANTON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CANTON, August 31st.

The whole of the famous "flower boats" (but now) were last night destroyed by fire. I have just left the Customs shed from which these boats formerly occupied by the boatsmen to be one section, (at 4.30 a.m.), the boats not having yet been completely consumed. There has been a big "Joss" piglin there of late, and many of the larger boats have been overcrowded with kerosene lamps, and had occasion to take a couple of visitors down there the night before last, and the night of the boats was then more brilliant than I have ever seen them before. The fire broke out at a clock this morning, and will not be extinguished for some hours yet. The property destroyed is worth at least \$70,000, and the loss of life will be appalling. A few natives ashore have suffered slightly, owing to sparks igniting their shanties.

THE PLAQUE IN HONGKONG.

The latest official returns are as follow:—

From noon yesterday until noon to-day:—

Kennedy-town 10 25

Private houses 0 0 0

Total 10 25

Deaths from the outbreak (30th May) up to August 30th, noon, 2,400; grand total, 2,400.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THE TUNG WAH HOSPITAL.

The following report of the discussion which took place at yesterday's meeting of the Sanitary Board with reference to the proposed supervision of the Tung Wah Hospital will, in view of the policy pursued by the Directors of that institution since the outbreak of plague in the Colony, be read with interest:—

The Committee appointed to enquire into the question of mortality statistics reported as follows:—

We beg to report for the information of the Board that we have considered the question of mortality statistics referred to us as a sub-committee. After careful enquiry we are of opinion that the only way to improve the present mortality statistics is to have the reports of deaths occurring in the Tung Wah Hospital and amongst the Chinese community generally accompanied by certificates from either a European doctor or a Chinese doctor trained in Western medical science.

As regards the Tung Wah Hospital, to which institution almost as many people go to die as to be cured, and where a large proportion of the total annual mortality of the Chinese occurs (last year out of a total of 5,422 deaths, 1,231 deaths occurred at the Tung Wah Hospital), we strongly recommend that steps should be taken to have the reports of the deaths which occur in it accompanied by a proper medical certificate.

As to the Chinese community generally, in view of the strong aversion to Western medical science shown by it, the difficulties of obtaining certificates will be great. We are of opinion, however, that in order to help to overcome, at least to some extent, this aversion, and to make the difficulties there should be opened in various districts dispensaries under the control of native doctors trained in Western medical science, where drugs should be issued and medical advice given free of cost and that such doctors should be specially entrusted with the duty of ascertaining, where practicable, the causes of deaths occurring among the Chinese in each district.

I H. STEWART LOCKHART, HO KAI, WILLIAM HARTIGAN.

The following minutes were attached:—
Surgeon-Major James—I concur with the arrangement recommended. The Tung Wah would be the most important place to watch. One registrar should be attached to it as well as a European doctor.

Mr. J. J. Francis, Q.C.—The Sanitary Board should most strongly support the recommendations of the Committee.

Mr. R. K. Leigh—I am strongly in favour of a properly-qualified doctor appointed by the Governor permanently attached to the Tung Wah, his salary being paid by the Tung Wah. His duty should be to record all deaths, make returns of the different diseases from which the patients are suffering, especially those of an infectious nature, and generally see that the place is conducted in a proper manner, but not to interfere in any way with the treatment of the patients.

Dr. Ayres said a European Surgeon had been appointed to daily report as regards the Tung Wah Hospital. Correspondence was still going on with the Government in respect to the dispensaries. With regard to the registration of deaths he had proposed that before the Government entered upon any large expenditure it should appoint some young Chinese surgeon who had all their work cut out for them to do this work, and that they should be stationed at different points of the town.

The President—You agree with the recommendations of the report?

Mr. Francis thought it might be useful to add for the information of the Board that certain proposals had been made through the Chinese College of Medicine to involve the establishment of three or more dispensaries throughout the city under the entire control and management of the College of Medicine, each to be in charge of a qualified Chinese practitioner, who would also be under the entire control of the College, the Government contributing to the College a certain amount per annum to towards the cost of maintaining these institutions. These would be free dispensaries for the poorer classes in the neighbourhood, and each practitioner would practically be Registrar of deaths and births, vaccinating officer, etc. The Chinese College of Medicine was very much interested in the subject and had taken it up extensively, and the Government had already made offers of a certain amount which would not be quite sufficient, and application had been made for a larger sum. Quite apart from the mere question of statistics it was important that some qualified man, European or Chinese, should take charge of the Tung Wah and keep a close eye on the cases that went in and report the nature of the diseases and causes of death, for they all knew that in a great many cases the bodies of persons who had died in the city were sent to the Hospital for burial. He proposed that the report be forwarded to the Government with a strong recommendation in its favour.

The President pointed out that the recommendations regarding the Tung Wah Hospital were very vague. He was quite of Mr. Francis' opinion that quite apart from the matter of statistics it was high time something was done not only to reform but to bring it under some sort of continuous and daily supervision. The Colonial Surgeon was the officer authorised by law to perform that duty; he had so many duties that he could not give his close attention to the Tung Wah Hospital, what they wanted was something in the nature of a House or Resident Surgeon, and as the Civil Hospital was not far distant it appeared to him that either the Assistant Superintendent or an officer of equal position might be detailed to look after the management of the Tung Wah and the registration of deaths and so forth at that institution. He would, therefore, like to go further than the report and make a recommendation to that effect.

Mr. Francis said that was hardly within the scope of the Committee. It would be preferable not to say anything about the Tung Wah.

Dr. Hartigan, agreeing with the remarks of the President and Mr. Francis, thought it would be best not to refer to the Tung Wah.

The President moved the adoption of the report.

Mr. R. K. Leigh seconded.

Agreed.

THE NEW CENTRAL MARKET.

CA RETROSPECT.

The Committee (consisting of Dr. Ho Kai, Dr. H. G. James and Mr. R. K. Leigh) appointed by the Sanitary Board on the 16th instant to report, in accordance with the request of the Colonial Secretary, on the plans and general arrangements of the New Central Market stated in their report, dated 27th August, which was unanimously adopted at the meeting of the Sanitary Board held yesterday afternoon, that:—

"The Committee have taken the evidence of Mr. W. Chatham, who has, they understand, been in special charge of this work from the commencement. They have also examined Mr. C. Vivian Ladd, referred to in the preliminary

possession of the Board on the matter, and visited the market.

"The Committee regret that this question was not referred to the Sanitary Board at an earlier date, as on several points Mr. Chatham seemed to think it too late to make any alterations, and they beg to call attention to the fact that in Mr. MacCallum's letter to the Colonial Secretary, dated 15th April, 1894, it was requested that the plans should be submitted for the consideration of the Board, and again on 10th February, 1891, in reply to some questions of the Surveyor-General the plans were again asked for, but they do not appear ever to have been submitted to the Board till now."

It may be true enough that the plans were never sent direct to the Board until the other day, but that they were laid before a Public Works Committee, of which Dr. Ho Kai was a member, over three years ago is clear from the report of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 24th July, 1891, at which the report of the Public Works Committee in question was tabled, which we reproduce from the *Hongkong Telegraph* of the 24th July, 1891, as follows:—

Extract from Report of Legislative Council Meeting.

THE CENTRAL MARKET.

Mr. Whitehead said that a report had been laid on the table to-day from the Public Works Committee. At the last meeting his Excellency asked the Committee to meet as early as possible which was done (on Tuesday), when he (Mr. Whitehead) brought forward several important resolutions which, however, did not find a second. He thought the matter of the Central Market most important.

The Surveyor-General rose to order.

Mr. Whitehead said he was speaking as to a report which had been laid on the table.

His Excellency believed the hon. member was, strictly speaking, out of order. The proper time to speak on the report was, he supposed, when it was laid on the table. But he had no wish to prevent the hon. member continuing his remarks.

Mr. Whitehead said he regarded the matter of the market as being of very great importance, and he thought that before the Government sanctioned the acceptance of the contracts for the building to be erected upon the foundations, it would be well to have the matter brought up in the Council. He was under the impression that the Public Works Committee's report had been laid on the table, otherwise he would not have brought the matter up.

The Acting Colonial Secretary said the report had been laid on the table by him, and the hon. member's resolutions were all recorded.

Mr. Whitehead said it had been his intention to give notice of a motion on the subject, but time did not permit. He hoped, however, that the Government would notice the matter.

The Council then adjourned for a week.

PUBLIC WORKS COMMITTEE.

The report of proceedings of the Public Works Committee at a meeting held on the 11th and 22nd of June and the 21st of July, 1891, was laid on the table at the Legislative Council this afternoon. It said:—There were present: The Surveyor-General (S. G. James), Chairman; the Hon. J. J. Francis, Q.C.; Mr. Ho Kai, and the Hon. T. H. Whitehead.

The Committee met at the request of the Surveyor-General.

The plans and estimate in connection with the cattle shed: were laid before and considered by the Committee.

Agreed that these plans be approved.

The plans and estimate (reduced by \$5,000) of the slaughter house and pig and sheep sheds at Kennedy Town were laid before and discussed by the Committee.

Agreed that these plans be approved.

The plans and estimate of the Central Market showing a reduction from \$270,000 to \$250,000 were laid before and considered by the Committee, together with tenders from various contractors.

The Hon. T. H. Whitehead moved the following resolution:—

1. That as it is impossible for non-professional men to determine as to the best method of dealing with a work of such importance as the proposed New Central Market, local architects be invited to send in designs for a New Central Market with detailed plans and estimates, the building to be erected on the present foundations, Government to offer two prizes therefor.

2. That in consequence of the Minutes of his Excellency Governor Sir William Den Vaux, dated the 3rd and 14th April, 1891, this Committee is called upon to decide between the designs of the Hon. Mr. H. W. Willis, Surveyor-General and of Mr. H. W. Willis.

3. That this Committee has no sufficient information before its Members to enable it to decide between the designs of the Hon. Mr. H. W. Willis.

4. That a Commission be appointed with power to call professional and other witnesses before it to examine them and report.

5. That such Commission should consist of the Hon. Mr. J. J. Francis, Q.C., and one of the other Un-official Members of Council.

These resolutions were not seconded.

The Hon. J. J. Francis moved the following resolutions:—

1. That the Committee cannot undertake to decide upon the comparative merits of the two plans submitted to them, and the responsibility of selecting a plan must remain with the Public Works Department, but this Committee, in view of tenders having been invited in the usual way, recommend the acceptance of Chang Kee's tender on the assumption that he is a man of sufficient means to carry it out satisfactorily.

2. That the Committee wish to state that they make the above recommendation on the understanding that every economy in the designs has been made which the Surveyor-General can devise and that a saving of at least \$20,000 will be made on the original estimates.

The Hon. Mr. Kai seconded.

Question put and agreed to.

In the face of this evidence and seeing that Dr. Ho Kai was a member of the Public Works Committee in July, 1891, would it not have been advisable for the members of the sub-committee of the Sanitary Board to have made some reference, however slight, to the above mentioned incidents? Perhaps Dr. Ho Kai, in common with Mr. Mitchell-Jones, is not blessed with a very retentive memory. But, however, that may be, it is possible that the decision of the Board to have the report forwarded to the Government at once, and in its original form, may open the door to another rebuff such as was administered to the Board in respect to the Governor's historical minutes, respecting which we shall have a word or two to say at a no distant date, for it was manifestly ludicrous on the part of the Government to invite the Sanitary Board to a public discussion about what has turned out to be a purely historical matter. And we think that with reference to the new Central Market the Government, should, when asking for the Board's opinions on the plans, have forwarded copies of the reports which we have, in justice to all parties, published above. Had that been done the Government could not, under any circumstances, have been accused with inconsistency, or lack of foresight in the premises.

NEWS BY THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.

The China Navigation Co.'s steamer *Triphid*, Captain R. Nelson, with the Australian mail, arrived in harbour this morning. For the following telegrams we are indebted to our Colonial exchanges:—

LONDON, August 31st.

The native tribes of the more civilised parts of Fiji have indulged in another raid on the more peaceful towns.

They routed the residents and killed a number of them, eating the bodies in the fashion of their ancestors, and in a general way returning to complete savagery.

Sir J. B. Thurston, Governor of Fiji and High Commissioner for the Pacific, has suppressed the revolt, and steps will be taken to punish the offenders and prevent a recurrence of the outrages.

A sad accident is reported from Tenby, a favourite South Wales watering place in Pembrokehire, in Carmarthen Bay.

A trawler boat, carrying a party of excursionists, was accidentally capsized, and 20 of the pleasure seekers were drowned in a day.

A terrible accident occurred at the St. Pancras (London) Station of the Midland Railway last night.

As the Scotch mail was approaching the station the brakes

there are less than twelve to fifteen thousand. These troops are mostly Manchurian men, and are armed with Winchester repeating rifles. Against these troops the Japanese have only succeeded in sending to the front up to date about 3,200 men. The force sent is very insufficient.

Since the King of Korea fell into the power of the Japanese on the 23rd of July, other officers have been selected for the more important posts in the provinces. Several have essayed to enter upon their duties, but have not been successful. The men who have just been appointed Governors of the different provinces have absolutely no control over the people, and anarchy reigns supreme throughout the land. I fear that the Japanese demonstration of the year of grace 1904 will prove no better than the awful blood-curdling slaughter of 1902. The Koreans are not likely to reform suggested by the Japanese, and instead of bettering her position in the peninsula, Japan will find the course of events as in the very reverse.—*Kobe Herald.*

WAR NEWS FROM TIENSIN.

A correspondent, who left Shanghai last Tuesday for Tientsin, writes from that port on the 18th inst. as follows:—At Chefoo we were told that the Peking Squadron of the Chinese fleet, consisting of ten large ships and four torpedo boats had left for Tientsin on the 17th inst. Yesterday morning, however, ten ships of the said squadron followed us into Taku, keeping at a respectable distance from the shore. What has become of the other four I know not. Malicious tongues already say that the Japanese fleet has destroyed them. We will wait and see. Admiral Ting, as was expected, landed at Tong-kuei and took the afternoon train with us to Tientsin. He is a tall, thin man, with scanty mouse-colored hair, and a somewhat feeble appearance. He is a native of Shanghai, and has been in the service of the Chinese Government for many years. He is now in command of the Peking Squadron, and is expected to arrive at Tientsin on the 20th inst. The French gunboat *Lion* has arrived at the port, and is expected to reach the harbor this morning. The telegram from London stating that the Japanese fleet had defeated the Chinese fleet near Yokohama is incorrect, as on Thursday the Chinese fleet was defeated off Shan-hai-kuan, and yesterday it was off the Peking Bar.

The United States Consul and Mr. Tenney were early in the Tientsin native city recently, while on their way to the Viceroy's Yamen. Mr. Tenney was taken to protect off all foreigners from the insults of the ignorant populace, who seem to be unable to understand the most elementary international obligation.

The Tientsin press have for sale, at the very low price of \$3.00 per set of five volumes, the English translation of *The Peking Gazette* from July 1893, to February 24th, 1894. As this translation was executed with great care by competent scholars, it should be useful to students of Chinese history, and to those who are interested in the progress of the Chinese Empire.

On the 15th inst., about 10 o'clock in the afternoon while the floating bridge was being opened for the salt ships to pass, there came a wheelbarrow loaded with a heavy load, who pushed his wheelbarrow from a very high bridge to a low one. As the momentum of the wheelbarrow overcame his own force, he could not stop, the result was that he fell into the river, and the wheelbarrow fell into the river. It is said that the wheelbarrow was up in a few minutes, but the man never appeared again.

As there has been so much rain of late the river overflows its banks at several places of which Hsiao Lin Ching is one, the men of the village being afraid that the water would cover their village, built a back with poles, planks and mud on the 15th inst., which was effective. On the next day about 10 o'clock in the evening, a man tried to steal the planks. Fortunately he was seen by the villagers, otherwise the water would have come straight in. The man was caught and sent to the Tientsin district magistrate's yamen to be punished.

Consular notifications have been issued by the British Consul at Tientsin enjoining the strict observance of neutrality upon all British subjects during the continuance of the present unhappy war between China and Japan. He also states that he has been requested by the Chinese authorities to notify to masters of British steamers entering the port of Taku that they should go very slowly when within one mile of the black buoy so as to avoid running into torpedoes, &c. The Consul further notifies that he has been instructed by H. B. M. Minister at Peking to inform British subjects that he has strongly urged the Admiral on the station to send a gunboat to the Settlement.

We have heard nothing about any statement being made for the outrage on the people on board the *Chungking*. We are not desirous of pressing hardly on the Chinese authorities in a time of difficulty, but we cannot too earnestly impress on them the necessity of prompt action in cases of this kind. Prompt apology and reparation will be without effect. To be acceptable it should be prompt and sufficient. We have no doubt about the good will of the Viceroy, but he is hampered in every direction from all sorts of motives, most of them of the basest kind. If what the Japanese *ex-charge d'affaires* relates of the state of things at Peking be true, it is very disgraceful. The crisis demands that all China should be united. It is to be regretted that Lincoln's honest illustration, they engage in "swapping horses while crossing the stream," they will inevitably bring on their country disaster and humiliation and perhaps ruin.

The business in hand is the war, and to the successful conduct and speedy termination the efforts of every official mind in China should be solely directed.

EXTRAORDINARY DEALS AT WHIST.

In the playing of cards a number of strange and remarkable hands have, ere now, been developed, and particularly at the game of whist. In Dundee four gentlemen had been playing together for about two hours with the ordinary results, when one of them, after having dealt, found his hand to consist of the entire thirteen trumps. All the time two packs of cards had

been alternately used, and this occurred after one of them had been shuffled and cut in the usual manner.

In another case in the East Indies a pack of cards was in service which had been played with before, and these were shuffled and cut in the usual way. When the pack had been dealt out, the dealer was found to have all the thirteen trumps (spades), his partner had eleven clubs, his antagonist on the left hand twelve hearts, and the one on the right twelve diamonds.

At the Union Whist Club of Boulogne on one occasion a player dealt himself and partner, in the course of an ordinary game, the twenty-six red cards, while to their opponents fell the twenty-six black.

The most notorious hand of whist ever played is that known as "the Duke of Cumberland's hand." It has never been definitely settled how this hand came to be dealt, but such a peculiar combination naturally suggests suspicions of foul play. However, the fact remains that the Duke, playing in the rooms at Bath, held in his hands king, knave, nine, seven of trumps (clubs); ace, king of diamonds; ace, king, queen, knave of hearts; and ace, king, queen of spades; and yet was unable to secure a single trick, and moreover, lost a bet of £20,000 upon the result.

The terrible result was achieved as follows:—The Duke, of course, led with a trump and found his partner void in that suit. His left hand adversary (whom we may call "Y") having ace, queen, ten, eight, and his right-hand adversary "Z" the remaining five trumps and no diamonds, the consequence was that "Z" trumped diamonds twice, and "Y" "sitting over" the Duke with better trumps, after taking the sixth trick, had the lead with the seven remaining diamonds, and thus "Y" and "Z" made the thirteen tricks.

A famous strange hand at whist is the "Barbrough hand," so called from an Earl of Barbrough who held it. This hand contained no card above nine. The earl, who gave his name to this hand, was for many years in the practice of laying £10,000 to £1 against the occurrence of this hand, and as the bet was very freely taken, the earl must have realized a handsome sum, as the real odds are 1,829 to 1.

Considerable number of times that we read of a dealer finding himself with a hand counting thirteen trumps, it seems difficult to credit that the odds against the occurrence of this combination are 158,753,389 to 1. Yet these are the true odds, provided the cards are properly shuffled. In the majority of the cases which occur the odds are much less, owing to imperfect shuffling, especially when playing with a new pack of cards.

One of the most painful affairs which ever occurred connected with the game of whist was the De Roos trial, in which Lord de Roos (the premier baron of England) was convicted of cheating at play. Lord de Roos was a skilful player, and increased his legitimate chances of gain by almost invariably having an honour when it was his deal by a well-known trick of card-sharps called *sauter le coup*. It was a well-known saying of Lord Hertford:—"What would you do if you saw a man cheating at cards? 'Set upon him, to be sure.' It is to be feared that some of his lordship's noble friends were accustomed to act upon this maxim. It was in the course of this trial that a distinguished whist player stated in evidence that his winnings at whist had averaged £1,500 a year for twenty years.

AND THIS IS ONE OF THEM.

There are some truths that ought to be blown through a million speaking trumpets every hour; that ought to be printed in big type on the front page of every newspaper; that ought to be painted on every signboard at the crossroads; that ought to be taught in every school. And this is one of them: There is no such thing as earth as a tonic medicine.

People talk of "tonics" and doctors talk of "tonics." Pah! When a country is discovered in which no food stuffs are ever raised or imported, and in which the men, women, and children are all well and hearty, we may conclude they subsist on some sort of "tonic." The mischief this delusion about tonics has done is incalculable. It leads the sick to lean on broken reeds, to expect relief from a source from which it is simply impossible that relief can come, to waste money in buying "tonics," and precious time in waiting for these alleged "tonics" to work miracles.

Mr. Thomas Foster, of 15, Chatham Place, Adelaide Street, Hull, in an account of a recent illness says, among other things, this: "I then tried stomach tonics, but they did me no good."

Suppose we have his whole story, which is short, and make our comments on it afterwards. He says: "Up to the month of June, 1891, I was strong and healthy. At that time I fell into a low, weak condition. I felt languid and heavy, and was always tired. I had a foul taste in the mouth, and a dreadful pain in the chest and side after eating, whilst my stomach was like a burning fire. I was much troubled with wind, which seemed to roll all over me, and I had a constant belching and rising in my throat. I was in agony day and night, and for hours I walked about the room rubbing my chest in the effort to obtain relief. I lost a deal of sleep, and felt worse tired in the morning than when I went to bed. Gradually I became weaker and weaker until I had hard work to follow my employment, for I was in misery all the time."

"I went to a doctor, who sounded me and gave me medicine, but I got no relief, and after taking his medicine for a month, I left off going to him. I then tried stomach tonics and other medicines, but nothing did me any good. In this state I continued week after week, growing more feeble all the while. I felt that if I did not soon find a remedy I should be lost for altogether."

"In October, 1891, a book was left at my house telling of a medicine called Mother Selig's Curative Syrup, and describing a case like mine that had been cured by it. As I had heard much of this medicine, I spoke of it to my wife, and she told me to try it, and get a bottle from Mrs. Cousins, in Anley Road. After I had taken two doses, I felt grateful relief, and before I had quite finished the bottle I was completely cured, and have since been in the best of health."

"I thank God that this medicine was ever made known to me. Otherwise I should have been in my grave before now. I will answer anyone who may write me concerning the facts here set forth. Yours truly (SIGNED), Thomas Foster, 15, Chatham Place, Adelaide Street, Hull, March 24th, 1892."

Now let us see. The symptoms of Mr. Foster's complaint are easily recognizable. He suffered from indigestion and dyspepsia. The medicines administered by his physician or purchased by himself proved useless because they were not addressed to the disease with which he was actually afflicted, but possibly to one or more of its symptoms. To obtain any lasting relief it is always, *consequenter*, we must work at the cause, not the consequences.

The "stomach tonic" which Mr. Foster hoped might relieve him may have done so for a moment on precisely the same principle that a sharp application of whip and spur wakes up a tired horse, not by giving him strength, but by rousing his nervous force, with a deeper reaction to follow. That's how it ever was and will be.

Mother Selig's Curative Syrup restored this gentleman to real and genuine health by cleansing his system of the poison of disease, by removing the obstacles and enabling the stomach to retain and digest food. A very simple thing, yet how hard to accomplish, oh! my masters.

This remedy does it, however, as is testified by a host of witnesses all over the world—witnesses who are more in praise of the merit than you would have time to read.—*Editor.*

Co-day's Advertisements.

THE "NEW VICTORIA HOTEL" WILL OPEN TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), SEPTEMBER 1ST.

MADAR & FARMER, Proprietors. Hongkong, 31st August, 1894. 1935

CHINA MERCHANTS' STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S DEBENTURE LOAN OF 1885. 16TH DRAWING.

INTEREST DUE AND DRAWN BONDS of this LOAN will be PAYABLE at the OFFICES of the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION on and after the 1st day of September, 1894.

Lists of Drawn Bonds can be obtained on application to the Undersigned. For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Agents Issuing the Loan, T. JACKSON, Chief Manager. Hongkong, 31st August, 1894. 1938

THE CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION).

NOTICE is hereby given that a FIRST RETURN of CAPITAL amounting to \$750 per Share has been DECLARED in this matter.

SHAREHOLDERS on the Register can obtain PAYMENT of this on producing their SCRIP to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION on and after the 20th September, 1894, and on signing the Form of Receipt to be obtained at the said Bank. Hongkong, 31st day of August, 1894. J. GOOSMANN, Liquidator. 1939

GOVERNMENT BILLS.

TENDERS for SPECIE—MEXICAN DOLLARS. Current in this Colony, and weighing 7.17, in Exchange for Sterling Bills Drawn at 10 days sight, on the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, London, will be received by the Chief Paymaster, Army Pay Department, until 11 A.M. on TUESDAY, the 4th September, 1894.

The Tenders to state the total amount required (in Pounds Sterling), and the amount for which each Bill should be drawn, but no Bills will be issued for sums less than £100.

The Tenders to be in duplicate and in sealed covers addressed to the Chief Paymaster, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "Tenders for Government Bills."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved. WILLIAM L. BARR, Colonel, Chief Paymaster, China. Her Majesty's Treasury Office, Queen's Road, Hongkong, 31st August, 1894. 1936

FOR SHANGHAI AND KOBE. T.H.P. Steamship. "ARROYO." Captain R. Samuel, will be despatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 4th September. For Freight, apply to TATA & Co., Agents. Hongkong, 31st August, 1894. 1937

"STRATH" LINE OF STEAMERS. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. S.S. "STRAT-DON," FROM NEW YORK AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 6th September, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 6th September, or they will not be recognised. All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 6th September, at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DODWELL, CARILL & Co., Agents. Hongkong, 31st August, 1894. 1909

SPECIAL NOTICE. THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" will be on sale at the Hongkong and Victoria Hotels, opposite the Hongkong Club, and at Pedder's Wharf, EVERY EVENING from 5.30 to 7.30 o'clock.

PRICETEN CENTS. Copies ordered from the Office will be charged the usual rate—25 cents. Advertisers are reminded that the *Hongkong Telegraph* has by far the largest circulation of any English newspaper published in the Far East. THIS IS GUARANTEED. Terms on application. Hongkong, 11th October, 1891.

FOR SALE. THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY, issued from the Office of the *Hongkong Telegraph*, is the best and most complete work of the kind ever published in ASIA. The Directory contains all the latest and most reliable statistics concerning China, Japan, and all the other countries in the Far East, with a mass of varied information on many interesting subjects of varied importance in any part of the world.

PRICE\$3.00. To be obtained from all Bookellers in China, Japan, the Straits Settlements, &c., and at the Office of "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH," Pedder's Hill, Hongkong, 16th January, 1894.

Co-day's Advertisements.

ST. ANDREW'S CHAPTER, HONGKONG, No. 218, S.C.

AN EMERGENCY CONVOCATION of the above CHAPTER will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zeland Street, THIS EVENING, the 31st instant, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting Companions are cordially invited. Hon. Cong, 31st August, 1894. 1920

"ODD VOLUMES." NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT. THE MEETING announced for To-night at the Mount Austin Hotel is POSTPONED owing to the Tram not running to the Peak Terminal.

S. JEFFREY, Hon. Secretary. Hongkong, 31st August, 1894. 1934

Auctions. PUBLIC AUCTION OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, COTTAGE PIANO, &c.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), the 1st September, 1894, commencing at 2.30 P.M., at his SALE ROOMS, DUNDALL STREET, (For Sundry Accounts), A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Comprising:—

DRAWING-ROOM SUITE in S.I.L.K. TAPESTRY and PLUSH, CANTON BLACKWOOD, FANCY & MARBLE-TOP TABLES, BOOK-CASE, WRITING DESK, MUSIC-STAND, OVERMANTELS, ORNAMENTS, BRASS FENDERS, CARPETS, RUGS, CURTAINS, &c.

ONE COTTAGE PIANO, by JOHN BRINSMEAD & SONS. HANDSOME TEAK SIDEBOARD with BEVELED GLASS, EXTENSION DINING TABLE, SOLID TEAK DINING CHAIRS, DINING WAGGONS, DINNER and DESSERT SERVICES, ELECTRO-PLATE, GLASS WARE to MATCH, CUTLERY, TABLE LINEN, LAMPS, FILTERS, &c., &c.

BRASS BEDSTEAD and SPRING MATTRESS, IRON and BRASS MOUNTED BEDSTEADS with WIRE and HAIR MATTRESSES, HANDSOMELY CARVED TEAK WARDROBES, BEVELED GLASS DOORS, CUPBOARDS and LINEN WARDROBES, MARBLE-TOP WASHSTANDS and DRESSING TABLES, BED-ROOM FURNITURE, PANTRY, KITCHEN and BATH-ROOM REQUISITES, &c., &c.

Catalogues issued prior to Sale. On View from Friday, the 31st August, 1894. TERMS OF SALE—At customary. GEO. F. LAMBERT, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 27th August, 1894. 1921

PUBLIC AUCTION. THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, ON TUESDAY, the 4th September, 1894, AT 2.30 P.M., at his SALE ROOMS, Queen's Road, SUNDRY HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE &c. Comprising:—

TAPESTRY COVERED DRAWING-ROOM SUIT, MARBLE-TOP CENTRE & SIDE TABLES, CHIMNEY GLASSES, PICTURES and ORNAMENTS, GLASS BOOK-CASE, DESK & WRITING TABLE, CARPETS and RUGS.

EXTENSION-DINING TABLE, MARBLE-TOP SIDEBOARD with BEVELED GLASS BACK WHATNOTS and DINING-ROOM CHAIRS. CROCKERY, GLASS and PLATED WARE, DOUBLE & SINGLE IRON BEDSTEADS, WARDROBES, WARDROBES with GLASS DOORS, CHEST OF DRAWERS, MARBLE-TOP DRESSING TABLE & WASHSTAND, ONE COTTAGE PIANO, by SCHIEDELMAYER & SOHNEN.

ONE NEW JAPANESE JINRIKSHA. ONE COOKING STOVE. ALSO ONE ENTOMOLOGICAL CABINET, (Made of Seasoned Camphor Wood), &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE—At customary. J. M. ARMSTRONG, Auctioneer. Hongkong, 30th August, 1894. 1931

To be Let. TO LET. NO. 7 & 9 SEYMOUR TERRACE. OFFICES in Victoria Buildings. OFFICE in No. 4, Praya Central. GODOWNS in WANCHAI at the back of MCGRAW'S BARRACKS. OFFICES and ROOMS at Connaught House. DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co. Hongkong, 24th August, 1894. 1922

TO BE LET. NO. 5, WILD DELL BUILDINGS (Furnished or Unfurnished). Five Good Rooms situated in the best part of the building. Apply to HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., Ltd. Hongkong, 9th March, 1894. 1929

TO LET. DWELLING HOUSES at "HIGHCLERE," at MAGNIFICENT GARDENS, No. 1, RIVINGTON TERRACE. FLOORS in BLUE BUILDINGS. FLOORS in ELGIN STREET, PEEL STREET and STAFFORD STREET. FLOORS in No. 5, SHELLEY STREET, No. 8, OLD BAILLY.

OFFICES in PRAYA CENTRAL, over Messrs. DOUGLAS LAFFRAN & Co.'s. GODOWNS in BLUE BUILDINGS. Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd. Hongkong, 2nd July, 1894. 1923

Hotels.

PEAK HOTEL.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

THIS commodious and well appointed HOTEL, situated at a height of 1,200 feet above sea-level, has just been thoroughly redecorated, renovated and refurnished, and a NEW WING has been built, which commands magnificent Views of the Harbour and mainland of China.

SUMMER RATES. (FROM MAY 1ST TO OCTOBER 1ST). One person, per day,\$ 4.00 One person, per week25.00 One person, per month85.00 Married couple (occupying one room) per day7.00 Married couple (occupying one room) per week45.00 Married couple (occupying one room) per month140.00 For further particulars, apply to

MANAGER, New Victoria Hotel. Hongkong, 31st August, 1894. 1931

HONGKONG HOTEL. BOARD and LODGING from \$60 to \$70 per Month. R. TUCKER, Manager. Hongkong, 9th August, 1894. 1961

HOTEL DE LA PAIX. FORMERLY THE HOTEL DES COLONIES. THIS HOTEL, situated on the FRENCH CONCESSION, a very convenient spot on SHAMEN, is now prepared to offer the BEST ACCOMMODATION to any TOURISTS or OCCASIONAL VISITORS who wish to bring their FAMILIES to pay a visit to CANTON, and EVERY POSSIBLE ATTENTION will be paid to their Comforts.

A FIRST-CLASS TABLE D'HOTE kept, WINES and SPIRITS of the Best Quality; and the Charges for the same are EXTREMELY FAIR and REASONABLE. A well furnished BILLIARD SALOON with BAR attached. V. A. ROZARIO, Manager. Canton, 31st July, 1894. 1834

BAY VIEW HOTEL. THE "RAMSGATE" OF HONGKONG, (On Sha-hi-wan Road). THE POPULAR SUMMER RESORT, and TERMINUS of the only pleasant DRIVE to be had on the Island. "BAY VIEW" occupies the best situation on the Sha-hi-wan Road, commands an excellent view of the Harbour, and is always open to the cool breezes from the Southward. Steam-launches can at any time come alongside the jetty adjoining the spacious lawn.

To the other attractions of this popular resort BATHING PAVILIONS have been added, and a LAUNCH runs from the NEW PEDDER'S WHARF to BAY VIEW every half-hour after 5 P.M. daily. Private Dinners or Tiffin prepared in First-class style on the shortest notice, and Meals can be served at all hours. Hongkong, 13th August, 1894. 1943

FUJIYA HOTEL, MIYANOSHITA, HAKONE. Four and a half hours from Yokohama. FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION. NATURAL HOT SPRINGS. THE ELECTRIC LIGHT IN ALL THE BUILDINGS. TWO ENGLISH BILLIARD TABLES. EXCELLENT CUISINE. SPECIAL RATES MADE FOR A PROLONGED STAY. S. N. YAMAGUCHI, Proprietor. 1861

THOMAS' GRILL ROOMS, (Corner of Queen's Road and Dundall Street.) THE Undersigned has always thought that such a place as this was the one thing needed to fit in between HOTEL LIFE and the PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE—providing it be First-class in every detail. A place where one may have his GRILLED CHOP or STEAK at any hour of the Day, up to 11 P.M., or later if notice be given. He is also prepared to SUPPLY MEALS to PRIVATE PARTIES per MENU or ORDER—the Parties sending Dishes, &c., for same—and Cash. Terms:—

Breakfast...per meal \$0.75...per Month \$12.00 Dinner... " \$0.75... " \$12.00 Breakfast, Tiffin and Dinner... " \$4.50 Breakfast and Tiffin... " \$3.00 Tiffin and Dinner... " \$3.00 SPECIAL TIFINS and DINNERS served in Excellent Style at short notice. W. THOMAS, Proprietor. Hongkong, 14th June, 1894. 1939

For Sale. FOR SALE. JAPAN HAND-MADE PAPERS. JAPAN PRINTING PAPERS. JAPAN COPYING PAPERS. JAPAN WALL PAPERS. &c., &c., &c. PRICES VERY MODERATE. ORDERS respectfully solicited by the Undersigned.

MITSU BUSSAN KAISHA, 4, Queen's Road Central. Hongkong, 2nd January, 1894. 1907

Masonic.

ZETLAND LODGE, No. 525.

AN AGUAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zeland Street, TO-MORROW, the 1st September, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited. Hongkong, 25th August, 1894. 1914

Intimations. LEVY HERMANOS. JEWELLERY, DIAMONDS, WATCH, CHRONOMETER & CLOCKMAKERS. A great variety in Fancy Goods and Optical Instruments. Novelties received by every Mail. 10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Opposite the Telegraph Office. 1979

G. FALCONER & CO. WATCH and CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS and JEWELLERS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS and BOOKS. No. 48, Queen's Road Central. 1697

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO. CHRONOMETER, WATCH, and CLOCKMAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS, and OPTICIANS. CHARTS and BOOKS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS. Sole Agents for London Audemars' Watches—awarded the highest Prize at every Exhibition; and of "Globe" and "Sole" CHRONOMETER GLASSES, and other OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS. No. 8, Queen's Road Central. 1908

THE CHINA AND JAPAN TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED. LIST of Subscribers to the HONGKONG TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

25.—Aberdeen Dock. 26.—Anderson, Capt. G. C., East Point. 27.—Anderson, Capt. G. C., Praya Central. 28.—Arnold, Karberg & Co. 29.—Bank Hongkong & Shanghai. 30.—Bank Hongkong & Shanghai, Peak Mess. 31.—Bell, Dr., Residence. 32.—Blackhead & Co., Office. 33.—Blackhead, F., Residence. 34.—Bradley & Co. 35.—Butterfield & Swire, Shipping Dept. 36.—Butterfield & Swire, Sugar Office. 37.—Butterfield & Swire, Refinery, Quarry Bay. 38.—Canadian Pacific Railway Co. 39.—China Mail Office. 40.—Club, Hongkong. 41.—Club, Peak. 42.—China Sugar Refinery, Town Office. 43.—China Sugar Refinery, East Point. 44.—Comptroller, D. Laprak & Co., Office. 45.—Comptroller, do, Residence. 46.—Comptroller, Lauts, Wegener & Co. 47.—Cousins, J., S. O. & N. P. Co. 48.—Daily Press Office. 49.—Daily Press Co., Wyndham Street. 50.—Daily Press, Pok Foo Lum. 51.—David, A. J., Residence. 52.—David, A. J., Office. 53.—David, A. J., Office. 54.—David, A. J., Office. 55.—David, A. J., Office. 56.—David, A. J., Office. 57.—David, A. J., Office. 58.—David, A. J., Office. 59.—David, A. J., Office. 60.—David, A. J., Office. 61.—David, A. J., Office. 62.—David, A. J., Office. 63.—David, A. J., Office. 64.—David, A. J., Office. 65.—David, A. J., Office. 66.—David, A. J., Office. 67.—David, A. J., Office. 68.—David, A. J., Office. 69.—David, A. J., Office. 70.—David, A. J., Office. 71.—David, A. J., Office. 72.—David, A. J., Office. 73.—David, A. J., Office. 74.—David, A. J., Office. 75.—David, A. J., Office. 76.—David, A. J., Office. 77.—David, A. J., Office. 78.—David, A. J., Office. 79.—David, A. J., Office. 80.—David, A. J., Office. 81.—David, A. J., Office. 82.—David, A. J., Office. 83.—David, A. J., Office. 84.—David, A. J., Office. 85.—David, A. J., Office. 86.—David, A. J., Office. 87.—David, A. J., Office. 88.—David, A. J., Office. 89.—David, A. J., Office. 90.—David, A. J., Office. 91.—David, A. J., Office. 92.—David, A. J., Office. 93.—David, A. J., Office. 94.—David, A. J., Office. 95.—David, A. J., Office. 96.—David, A. J., Office. 97.—David, A. J., Office. 98.—David, A. J., Office. 99.—David, A. J., Office. 100.—David, A. J., Office.

101.—David, A. J., Office. 102.—David, A. J., Office. 103.—David, A. J., Office. 104.—David, A. J., Office. 105.—David, A. J., Office. 106.—David, A. J., Office. 107.—David, A. J., Office. 108.—David, A. J., Office. 109.—David, A. J., Office. 110.—David, A. J., Office. 111.—David, A. J., Office. 112.—David, A. J., Office. 113.—David, A. J., Office. 114.—David, A. J., Office. 115.—David, A. J., Office. 116.—David, A. J., Office. 117.—David, A. J., Office. 118.—David, A. J., Office. 119.—David, A. J., Office. 120.—David, A. J., Office. 121.—David, A. J., Office. 122.—David, A. J., Office. 123.—David, A. J., Office. 124.—David, A. J., Office. 125.—David, A. J., Office. 126.—David, A. J., Office. 127.—David, A. J., Office. 128.—David, A. J., Office. 129.—David, A. J., Office. 130.—David, A. J., Office. 131.—David, A. J., Office. 132.—David, A. J., Office. 133.—David, A. J., Office. 134.—David, A. J., Office. 135.—David, A. J., Office. 136.—David, A. J., Office. 137.—David, A. J., Office. 138.—David, A. J., Office. 139.—David, A. J., Office. 140.—David, A. J., Office. 141.—David, A. J., Office. 142.—David, A. J., Office. 143.—David, A. J., Office. 144.—David, A. J., Office

